

Annual Funding Statement 2015

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The Pensions Regulator

ACA Sessional Meeting
Thursday 25 June 2015

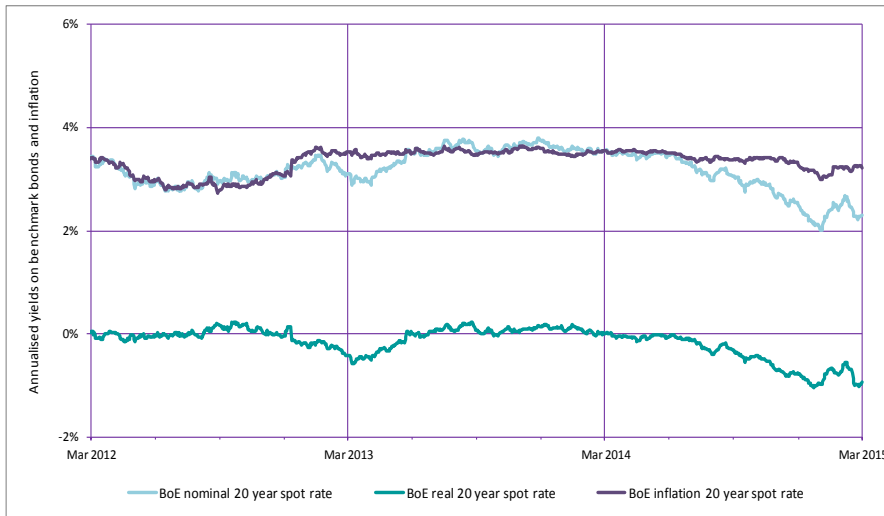


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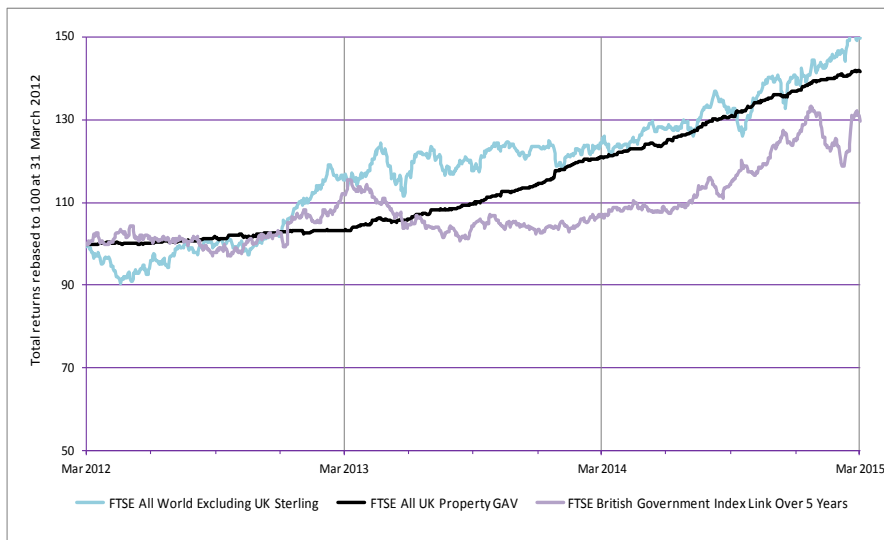
Outline

1. Financial conditions and implications for scheme funding
2. Managing risks and increases in deficits
3. What you can expect from us
4. Further guidance
5. Questions and discussion

Financial conditions: past three years



- Reduced nominal and real yields

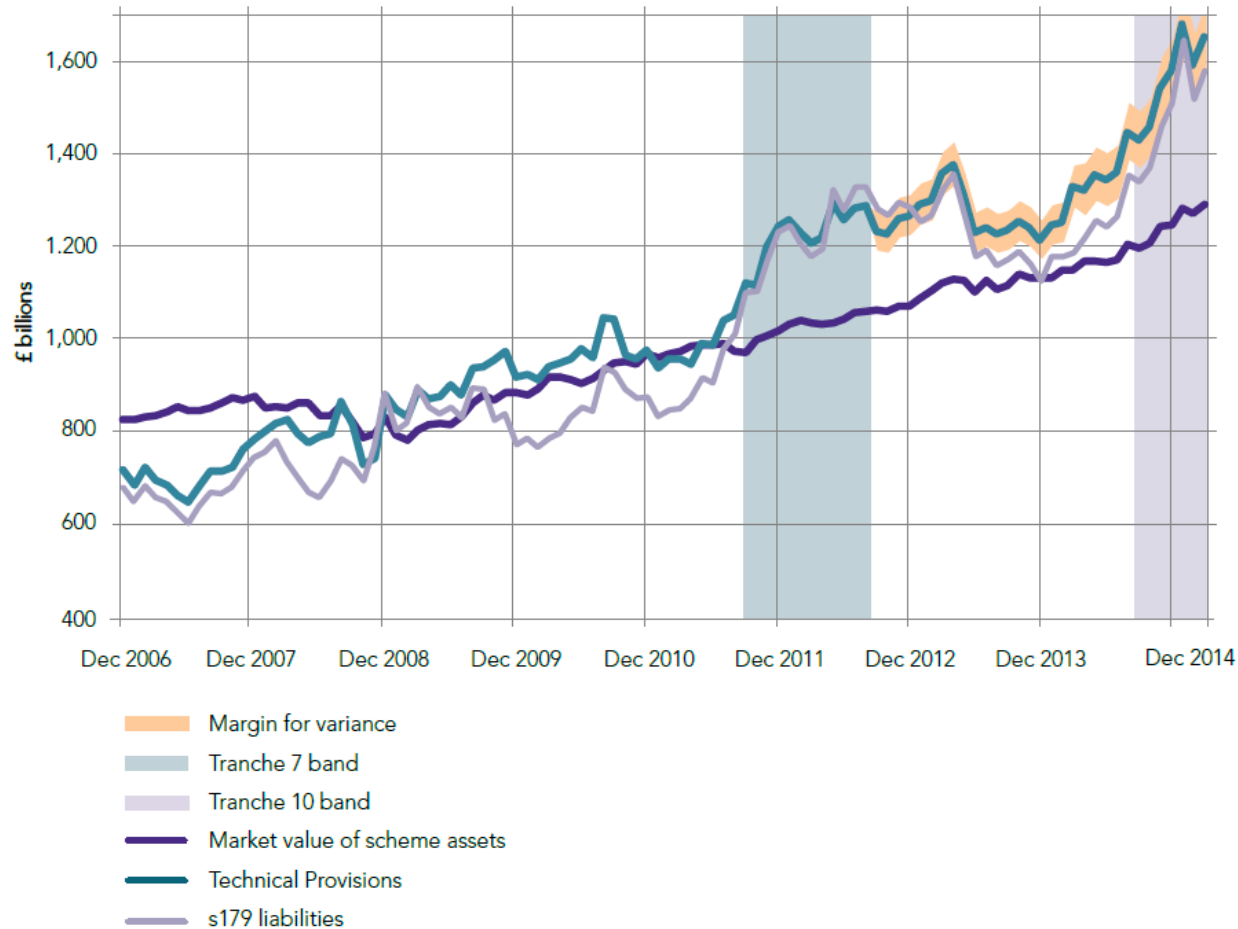


- Good investment returns
- But

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Estimated asset-liability positions (all DB schemes)



Source(s): The Pension Protection Fund (PPF), The Pensions Regulator

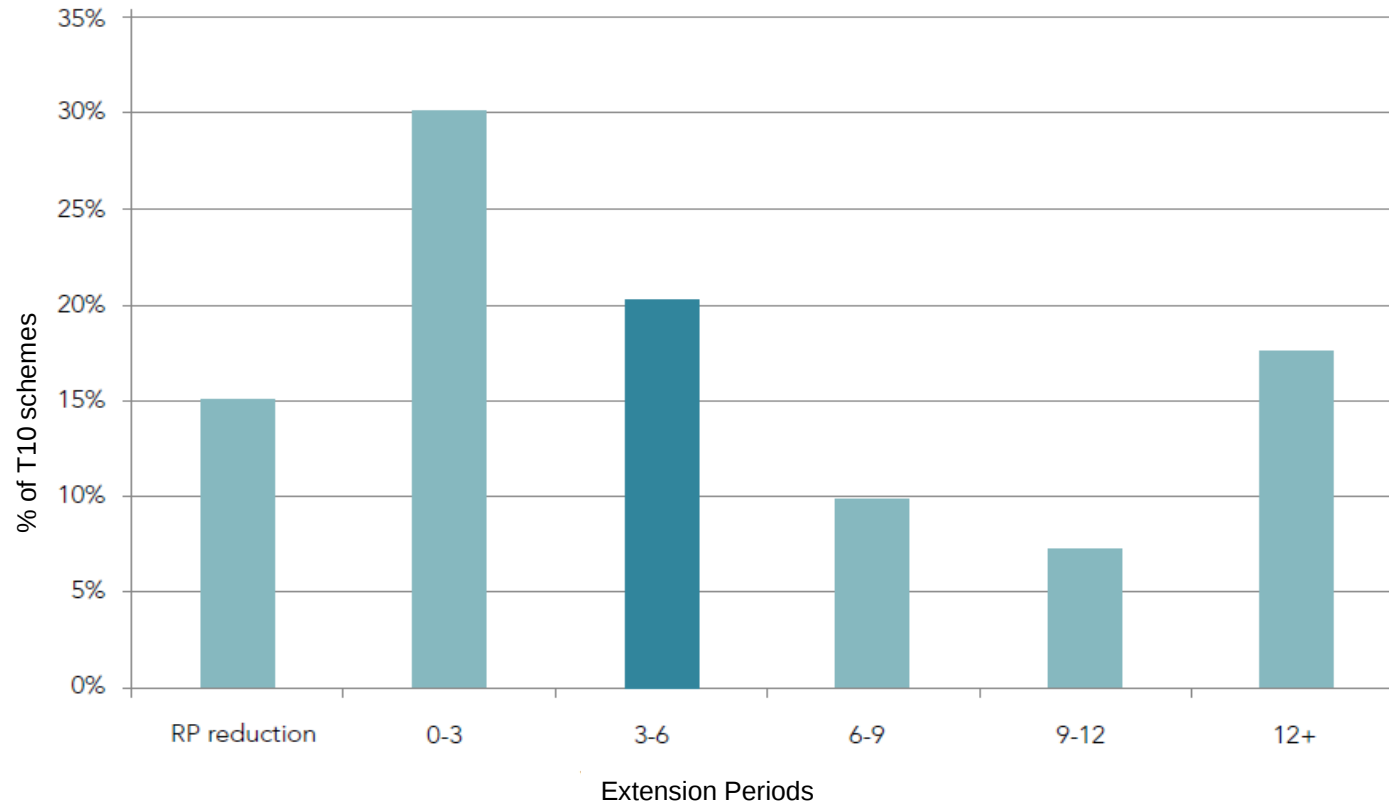
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Financial conditions: future outlook

- Outlook for future investment returns
 - Considerable uncertainty about future economic and financial conditions
 - Market expectations: interest rates to remain lower for longer, and to revert to lower long-term levels.
- Most funding strategies likely to be based on lower expected investment returns.
- But a scheme specific assessment

Impact on recovery periods (if contributions maintained)

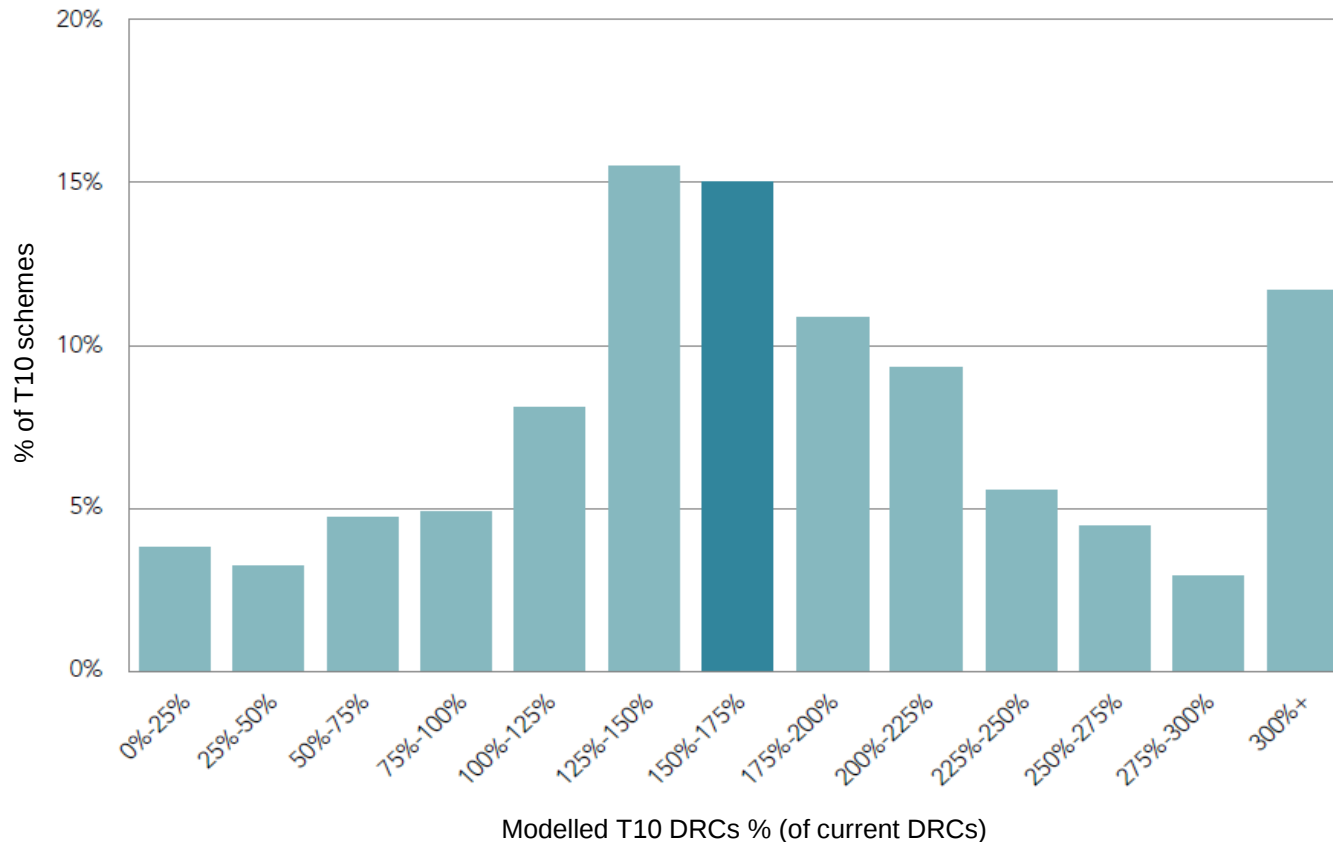


Source: The Pensions Regulator

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Impact on contributions

(if recovery plan end dates maintained)



Source: The Pensions Regulator

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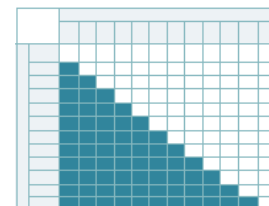
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Impact on contributions (relative to sponsor's profit)

Modelled T10 DRCs as % of latest PBT													
Current DRCs as % of 2011 PBT		0	0–10%	10–20%	20–30%	30–40%	40–50%	50–60%	60–70%	70–80%	80–90%	90–100%	100% +
	0	11	27	2	2	0	1	1	0	0	0	2	4
	0–10%	24	163	54	21	11	4	3	4	2	1	0	4
	10–20%	12	22	32	24	23	10	7	1	2	1	0	10
	20–30%	5	7	13	20	12	11	7	8	4	2	2	8
	30–40%	3	5	7	9	8	7	10	1	4	1	4	11
	40–50%	3	3	1	2	3	3	1	5	4	2	2	18
	50–60%	0	2	2	2	3	2	2	6	3	3	5	10
	60–70%	2	1	1	1	0	0	3	5	2	3	0	9
	70–80%	3	1	2	3	2	2	2	4	3	2	1	11
	80–90%	0	0	2	0	0	1	1	2	1	2	0	13
	90–100%	0	1	0	1	0	2	0	1	0	0	1	11
	100%+	10	2	2	3	5	7	5	7	5	3	4	81

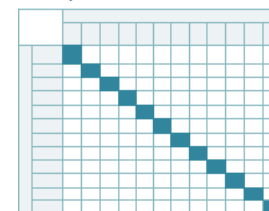
Source(s): The Pensions Regulator, Financial Analysis Made Easy published by Bureau van Dijk

Group A



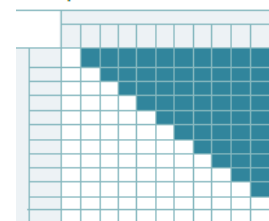
A – T10 DRCs/PBT < T7

Group B



B – T10 DRCs/PBT ~ T7

Group C

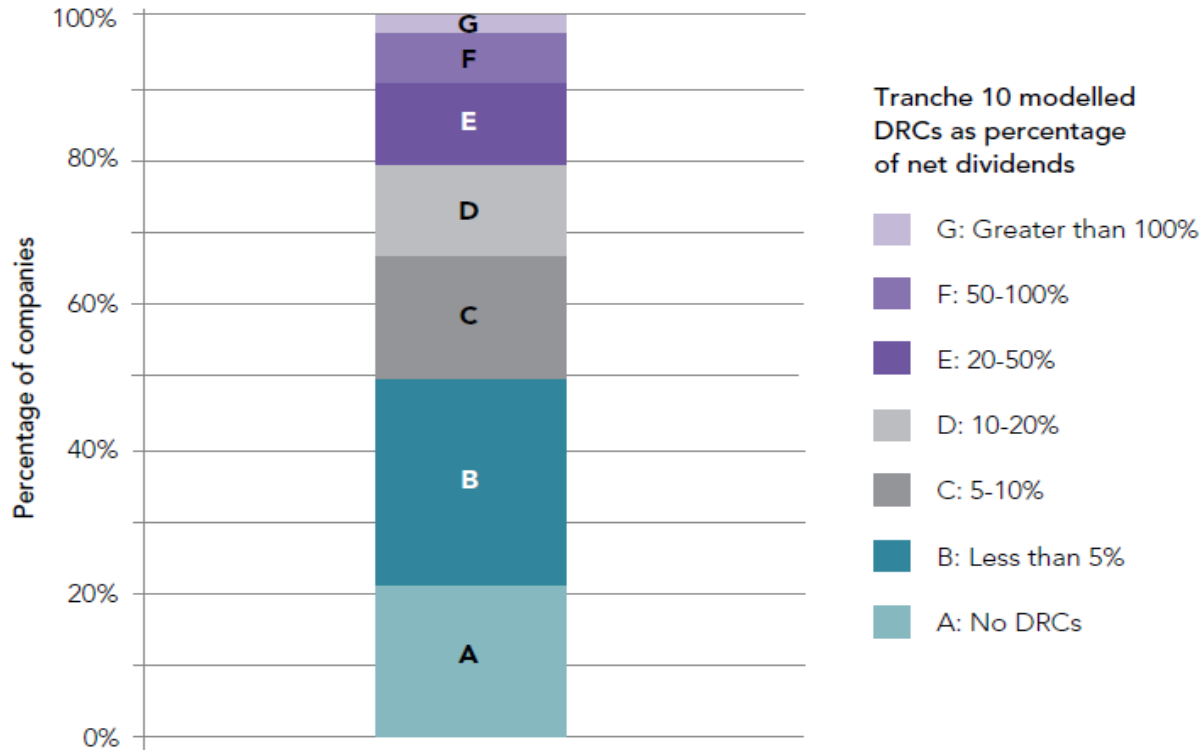


C – T10 DRCs/PBT > T7

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Impact on contributions

(relative to dividends – FTSE 350 companies only)



Source(s): The Pensions Regulator, Capita Registrars and Financial Analysis Made Easy published by Bureau van Dijk

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Summary

- Bigger deficits
- Manageable for most schemes
- But challenges for some

Managing risk in uncertain markets

- **Code:** Need to manage risks in funding, investment and covenant in an integrated manner.
- **Code:** Understand the ability for employer to address a range of likely adverse outcomes.
- Where schemes experiences are less favourable than assumptions, consider contingency plans and take action.
- Assuming gilt reversion in 2015 valuations: consider the impact of assumptions not being borne out (including past) - scenario and contingency planning.

Affordability: Managing increased deficits

- Flexibility in the regime to set funding strategies tailored to scheme and employer circumstances.
- Use of flexibilities should be based on specific circumstances and risk profile.
- Schemes with capacity to take additional risk – modest increases in DRCs, modest RP extensions and/or changing assumptions relating to investment returns.
- Schemes with more limited capacity to take additional risk – higher DRCs with a view to maintaining the same recovery plan end date.

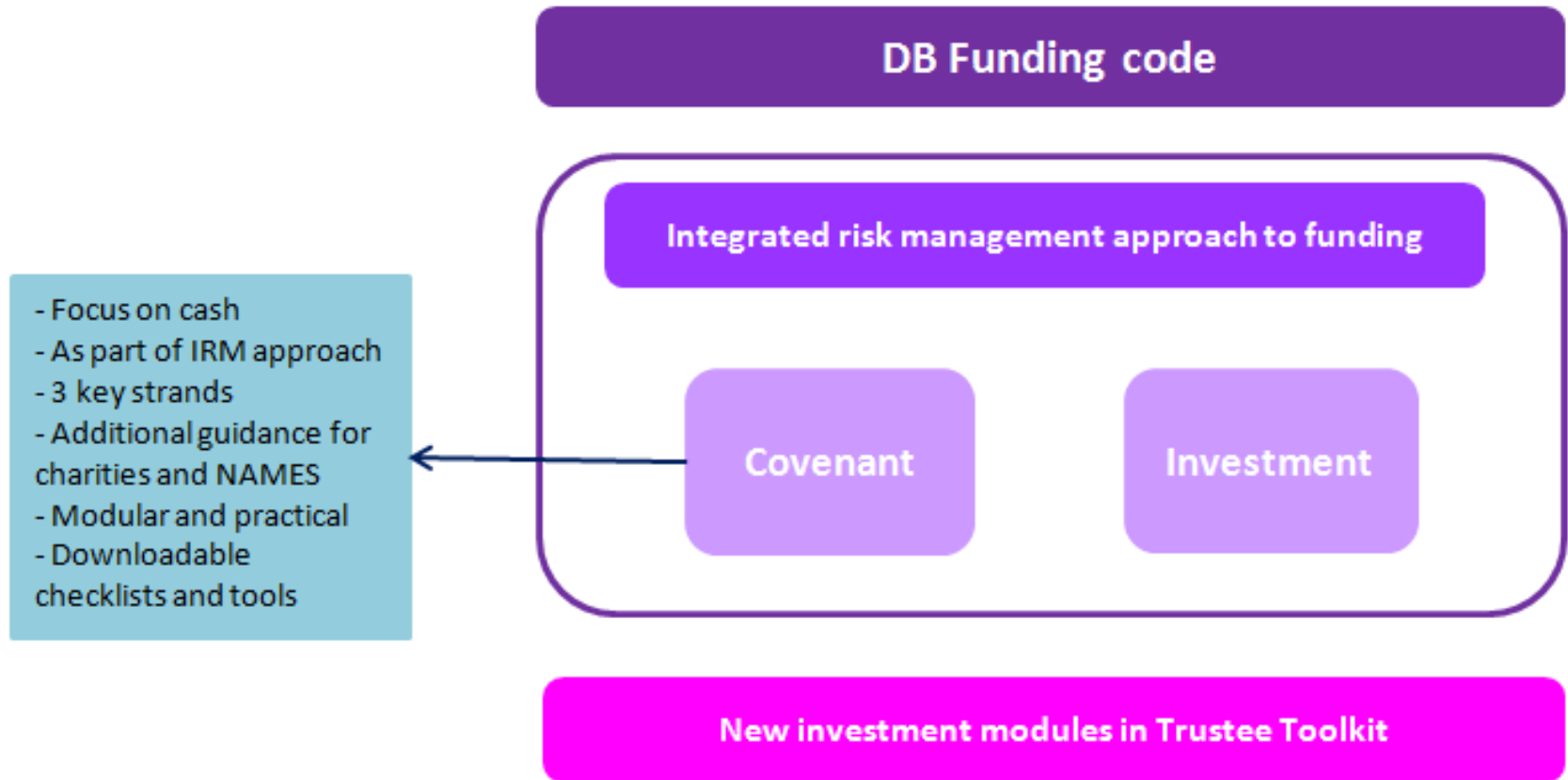
Balancing needs of scheme and employer

- **Code:** Trustees and employers should work collaboratively
- **Code:** Appropriate funding outcome recognises both scheme and employer needs
- Where affordability is constrained (including sustainable growth) trustees will need a higher level of due diligence:
 - Understand
 - Mitigate
 - Monitor

What you can expect from us

- Risk indicators reviewed annually to reflect economic and market conditions
- Proactive engagement continues
- Engagement with schemes: focus on trustees' quality of decision making and contingency planning
- Further guidance to support the code

Forthcoming DB guidance



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Key points

- Challenging market conditions meaning larger deficits
- Anticipate lower expected investment returns
- Most schemes will be able to manage deficits
- Use of flexibilities should be based on specific circumstances and risk profile
- Higher due diligence required where affordability is constrained
- When engaging with schemes, focused on quality of decision making and contingency planning

Any questions?



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Links to the documents

- Statement: <http://www.thepensionsregulator.gov.uk/docs/db-annual-funding-statement-2015.pdf>
- T10 analysis: <http://www.thepensionsregulator.gov.uk/docs/db-analysis-tranche-ten-forward-2015.pdf>
- T8 analysis: <http://www.thepensionsregulator.gov.uk/docs/db-analysis-tranche-eight-review-2015.pdf>